Labor Law Compliance Center

FLORIDA

Labor Law Compliance Center
posters@laborlawcc.com
www.laborlawcc.com
(800) 801-0597

Florida Labor Law Posters

English

Posting Name & ID	Posting Requirements	Published Date
Child Labor FL01	All employers	-
Discrimination is Prohibited FL02	All employers	07/15
Unemployment Compensation FL03	All employers	07/19
Minimum Wage FL04	All employers	09/22
Workers' Compensation Anti- Fraud Notice FL05	Recommended	-
Workers' Compensation Notice FL06	All employers Special size requirements: 11 x 17 inch paper	05/21
Equal Opportunity is the Law FL07	Poster Requirement for Employers who Receive Federal Financial Assistance	12/17



The State of Florida and the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA)

Protecting the Health, Education and Welfare of Minors in the Workplace.

This chart summarizes the child labor laws of the State of Florida and the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FSLA).

The stricter provisions must be observed and are denoted by bold lettering. The Federal law in italics.

exceptions apply).

Minors 16 & 17

Florida: May NOT work during school hours unless they meet a

criterion of the Hour Restrictions listed below. FLSA: No limitations.

Florida & FLSA: Not required, except the FLSA requires the employer to maintain date of birth information for all employees under

PERMITS TO WORK **HOURS OF** WORK,

ATTENDANCE

Florida: May work up to 30 hours per week. Not before 6:30 a.m. or later than 11 p.m. and for WHEN SCHOOL no more than 8 hours a day when IS IN SESSION school is scheduled the following day. On days when school does not follow, there are no hour

19 years old.

restrictions. FLSA: No limitations.

HOURS OF WORK, WHEN SCHOOL IS NOT IN SESSION

(summer vacation; winter, spring breaks) Florida: No Limitations FLSA: No limitations. Note: Hazardous occupations

still apply for minors.

Florida: May work up to 15 hours per week. Not before 7 a.m. or after 7 p.m. and for no more than 3 hours a day on school days, when a school day follows. May work up to 8 hours on Friday, Saturday, Sunday, and on non-school days, when school days do not follow, until 9 p.m.

Florida & FLSA: May not work during school hours (some

Minors 14 & 15 - Under 14 years old MAY NOT WORK

FLSA: Daily maximum of 3 hrs. on school days, 8 hours non-school days; weekly maximum is 18 hours; not before 7 a.m. or after 7 p.m. Note: Application of both state and federal law allows this age group to work up to 8 hours on Saturday, Sunday and non-school days, when school days do not follow, until 7 p.m.

Florida: May work up to 8 hrs. per day and up to 40 hrs. per week; may not work before 7 a.m. or after 9 p.m. FLSA: May work up to 8 hrs. per day and up to 40 hrs. per week. Work

must be performed between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m.; from June 1 to Labor Day may work until 9 p.m.

DAYS PER WEEK

BREAKS

Florida: No more than 6 consecutive days in any one week. FLSA: No limitations.

Florida: Minors may work no more than 4 consecutive hours without a 30 minute uninterrupted break. FLSA:

AGRICULTURE

Florida: Minors participating in farm work, not on their parents or guardian's farm, must comply with the same restrictions as in other work. FLSA: No limitations.

FLSA: No employment permitted during school hours. May work after school in occupations not declared hazardous in agriculture. See Child Labor Bulletin 102. (Exception: 12 and 13 year-olds may be employed with written parental consent or on a farm where the minor's parent is also employed; minors under 12 may be employed with written parental consent on farms where employees are exempt from the Federal minimum wage provisions.)

RESTRICTED OCCUPATIONS The State of Florida has incorporated the 17 Hazardous Occupations (H0s) of the FLSA into the Florida law and Child Labor Rule. For more info on HOs, contact the U.S. Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division. This poster represents a combination of those laws with an ** annotating Florida law "only."

Minors under the age of 18 may not work in below occupations:

- Working in or around explosives or radioactive substances
- Operating Motor vehicles
- Logging or sawmilling
- Operating power-driven meat processing machines to include meat and vegetable slicers; slaughtering, meat packing, processing or rendering
- Working on any scaffolding, roofs or ladders above 6 feet; roofing
- Wrecking, demolition or excavation
- Mining occupations
- Operating power-driven bakery; metal-forming, punching, and shearing machines; woodworking, paper products or hoisting machines
- · Manufacturing brick and tile products
- Operating circular saws, band saws, & guillotine shears
- ** Working with compressed gases exceeding 40 p.s.i.
- ** Working in or around toxic substances, corrosives or pesticides
- ** Firefighting
- ** Working with electrical apparatus or wiring
- ** Operating or assisting to operate tractors over 20 PTO horsepower, forklifts, earthmoving equipment, any harvesting, planting, or plowing machinery or any moving machinery

EXEMPTIONS

Hour Restrictions - (from hour restrictions only; hazard restrictions still apply until 18 yrs.)

- · Minors who hold waivers from a public school or Child Labor Compliance
- Minors who have been married
- · Minors who have either graduated from an accredited high school, or hold a high school equivalency diploma
 • Minors who have served in the U.S. Armed Forces
- · Minors who are enrolled in high school work programs

Minors 14 and 15 may not work in these occupations:

- Operating any power-driven machinery other than office machines, including all power mowers and cutters
- Maintaining or repairing an establishment, machines, or equipment
- Working in freezers or meat coolers
- Operating, setting up, adjusting, or cleaning power-driven meat or vegetable slicers, grinders, food choppers, and cutters, and bakerytype mixers
- Operating motor vehicles
- Manufacturing, mining, or processing occupations where goods are manufactured, mined, or processed
- Cooking (some exceptions apply) & baking
- Working in occupations in Transportation, Warehouse & Storage, Communications, and Construction (except clerical); boiler or engine rooms
- Loading and unloading trucks
- Working in public messenger services
- ** Handling certain dangerous animals
- ** Conducting door-to-door sales of products as employment (some exceptions)
- ** Spray painting

Age Restrictions — (from age requirements; hazard restrictions still apply)

• Minors who work for their parents in occupations not declared

- hazardous
- Pages in the Florida legislature
- Newspaper delivery (10 years old)
- Minors in the entertainment industry registered with Child Labor Compliance

A court may authorize an exemption from age and hour restrictions.

PARTIAL WAIVERS The Florida Child Labor law is designed to serve and protect minors and encourage them to remain in school. At times, some minors may feel that the law conflicts with their best interest or their life circumstances; therefore, they have the right to request an exemption from the law. If a minor is attending the K-12 public school, a waiver may be obtained and granted by the local school district. All other minors may request an application by contacting the Department of Business and Professional Child Labor Program. Waiver applications are reviewed and granted on a case by case basis. To qualify, applicants must demonstrate that certain requirements of Florida law need to be

waived. Employers must keep a copy of partial waivers of employed minors. **PENALTIES** Florida: Employment of minors in violation of Florida Child Labor laws may result in fines up to \$2,500 per offense and/or be guilty of a second degree misdemeanor. **FLSA:** Maximum fines up to \$11,000 per minor / per violation.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION Florida: If an injured minor is employed in violation of any provisions of the Child Labor laws of Florida, an employer may be subject to up to double the compensation otherwise payable under Florida Workers' Compensation law. POSTING REQUIREMENTS Florida: All employers of minors must post in a conspicuous place on the property or place of employment, where it may be easily read, a poster notifying minors of the Child Labor laws.

For information on Florida laws contact:

Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation • Child Labor Program 2601 Blair Stone Road • Tallahassee, FL 32399-2212 • Telephone 850.488.3131; Toll-Free 1.800.226.2536 • www.myfloridalicense.com For information on Federal laws contact:

U.S. Department of Labor, Wage & Hour Division, listed in the telephone directory under U.S. Government; www.dol.gov/elaws/ flsa.htm.

Labor Law Compliance Center (800) 801-0597

www.laborlawcc.com

Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the United States Department of Labor "Working Together for Florida's Workforce"

FLORIDA LAW PROHIBITS

DISCRIMINATION

BASED ON:

RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, SEX, NATIONAL ORIGIN, DISABILITY, AGE, PREGNANCY OR MARITAL STATUS.

WHAT IS COVERED UNDER THE LAW:

• EMPLOYMENT
• PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS
• RETALIATION AFTER FILING A CLAIM
• STATE EMPLOYEE WHISTLE-BLOWER RETALIATION

If you feel that you have been discriminated against, visit our web site or call us!

FLORIDA COMMISSION ON HUMAN RELATIONS

4075 Esplanade Way, Suite 110 Tallahassee, Florida 32399 http://FCHR.state.fl.us

Phone: **(850) 488-7082** Voice Messaging **1-800-342-8170**



To Employees:

- Your Employer is registered with the Florida Department of Revenue as an employer
 who is liable under the Florida Reemployment Assistance Law. This means that You,
 as employees, are covered by the Reemployment Assistance Program, formerly
 known as Unemployment Compensation Program.
- Reemployment assistance taxes finance the benefits paid to eligible unemployed workers. Those taxes are paid by your employer and, by law, cannot be deducted from employee's wages.
- You may be eligible to receive reemployment assistance benefits if you meet the following requirements:
 - 1. You must be totally or partially unemployed through no fault of your own.
 - 2. You must apply for benefits at https://connect.myflorida.com.
 - 3. You must register for work at www.employflorida.com.
 - 4. You must have a history of sufficient employment and wages.
 - 5. You must be **Able** to work and **Available** for work.
- You may file a claim for partial unemployment for any week you work less than full time due to lack of work if your wages during that week are less than your weekly benefit amount.
- You must report all earnings while claiming benefits. Failure to do so is a third-degree felony with a maximum penalty of 5 years imprisonment and a \$5,000 fine.
- Discharges related to misconduct connected with work may result in disqualification with a penalty period AND remain in effect until a set amount of wages have been earned with new employment.
- Voluntarily quitting a job without good cause attributable to the employer may result in disqualification until a set amount of wages have been earned with new employment.
- If you have any questions regarding reemployment assistance benefits, contact the Department of Economic Opportunity, Reemployment Assistance Program at:

Department of Economic Opportunity
Division of Workforce Services
Reemployment Assistance Program
1-800-204-2418
www.floridajobs.org

This notice must be posted in accordance with Section 443.151(1) Florida Statutes, of the Florida Reemployment Assistance Program Law.



Notice to Employees Minimum Wage in Florida

Effective September 30, 2022, the Florida minimum wage will be \$11.00 per hour, with a minimum wage of at least \$7.98 per hour for tipped employees, in addition to tips, through September 29, 2023.

On November 3, 2020, Florida voters approved a state constitutional amendment to gradually increase the state's minimum wage each year until reaching \$15.00 per hour on September 30, 2026. On September 30, 2022, Florida's minimum wage will increase to \$11.00 per hour. Each year thereafter, Florida's minimum wage will increase by \$1.00 until the minimum wage reaches \$15.00 per hour on September 30, 2026. Resuming in 2027, the minimum wage will be adjusted annually for inflation.

An employer may not retaliate against an employee for exercising his or her right to receive the minimum wage. Rights protected by the State of Florida Constitution include the right to:

- File a complaint about an employer's alleged noncompliance with lawful minimum wage requirements.
- Inform any person about an employer's alleged noncompliance with lawful minimum wage requirements.
- Inform any person of his or her potential rights under Section 24, Article X of the State Constitution and to assist the individual in asserting such rights.

An employee who has not received the lawful minimum wage after notifying his or her employer and giving the employer 15 days to resolve any claims for unpaid wages may bring a civil action in a court of law against an employer to recover back wages plus damages and attorney's fees.

An employer found liable for intentionally violating minimum wage requirements is subject to a fine of \$1,000 per violation, payable to the State. The Attorney General, or other official designated by the Legislature, may bring a civil action to enforce the minimum wage.

For additional details, see Section 24, Article X of the State of Florida Constitution, and section 448.110, Florida Statutes.

25000 Anti-Fraud Reward Program

Rewards of up to \$25,000 may be paid to persons providing information to the Dept of Financial Services leading to the arrest and conviction of persons committing insurance fraud, including employers who illegally fail to obtain workers' compensation coverage. Persons may report suspected fraud to the Department at 1-800-378-0445.

A person is not subject to civil liability for furnishing such information, if such person acts without malice, fraud or bad faith.



Workers' Comp Works For You

Workers' compensation pays for all authorized medically necessary all authorized medically necessary care and treatment related to your injury or illness.

If you are unable to work or your earnings are lower because of earnings are lower because of a work related injury or illness, a work related injury or illness, a work related injury or illness, and you have been disabled for and you have been disabled for more than seven calendar days, more than seven calendar of some you may be eligible for some wage replacement benefits.

\$25,000 Reward ANTI-FRAUD REWARD PROGRAM

Rewards of up to \$25,000 may be paid to persons providing information to the Department of Financial Services leading to the arrest and conviction of persons committing insurance fraud, including employers who illegally fail to obtain workers' compensation coverage. Persons may report suspected fraud to the department at

1-800-378-0445 or online at

https://filrst.fldfs.com
A person is not subject to civil liability
for furnishing such information, if such
person acts without malice, fraud
or bad faith.

This notice of compliance
must be posted by the
employer and maintained
conspicuously in and about
the employer's place or
places of employment.
State of Florida
Division of Workers'
Compensation

69L-6.007, F.A.C. Compensation Notice DFS-F4-1548 Revised March 2010 (Fraud reporting link updated April 2021) If you are injured on the job:

- 1. Notify your employer immediately to get the name of an approved physician. Workers' comp insurance may not pay the medical bills if you don't report your injury promptly to your employer.
- 2. Notify the doctor and medical staff that you were injured on the job so that bills may be properly filed.
- 3 If you have any problems with your claim or suffer excessive delays in treatment, contact the State of Florida's Division of Workers' Compensation at 1-800-342-1741.

PLACE INSURER INFORMATION STICKER HERE





Bureau of Workers' Compensation

30 W. Spring St. Columbus, OH 43215

Certificate of Ohio Workers' Compensation

This certifies that the employer listed below participates in the Ohio State Insurance Fund as required by law. Therefore, the employer is entitled to the rights and benefits of the fund for the period specified. This certificate is only valid if premiums and assessments, including installments, are paid by the applicable due date. To verify coverage, visit www.bwc.ohio.gov, or call 1-800-644-6292.

This certificate must be conspicuously posted.

Policy number and employer 01352649

AZIMUTH CORPORATION 2970 PRESIDENTIAL DR STE 200 BEAVERCREEK OH 45324-6712

www.bwc.ohio.gov Issued by: BWC



Period Specified Below 07/01/2022 to 07/01/2023

Stephanie McCloud

Administrator/CEO

You can reproduce this certificate as needed.

Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation

Required Posting

Section 4123.54 of the Ohio Revised Code requires notice of rebuttable presumption. Rebuttable presumption means an employee may dispute or prove untrue the presumption (or belief) that alcohol, marihuana or a controlled substance not prescribed by the employee's physician is the proximate cause (main reason) of the work-related injury.

The burden of proof is on the employee to prove the presence of alcohol, marihuana or a controlled substance was not the proximate cause of the work-related injury. An employee who tests positive or refuses to submit to chemical testing may be disqualified for compensation and benefits under the Workers' Compensation Act.



Bureau of Workers'

Compensation You must post this language with the Certificate of Ohio Workers' Compensation.